

Development of NO₂ and SO₂ algorithm for GEMS

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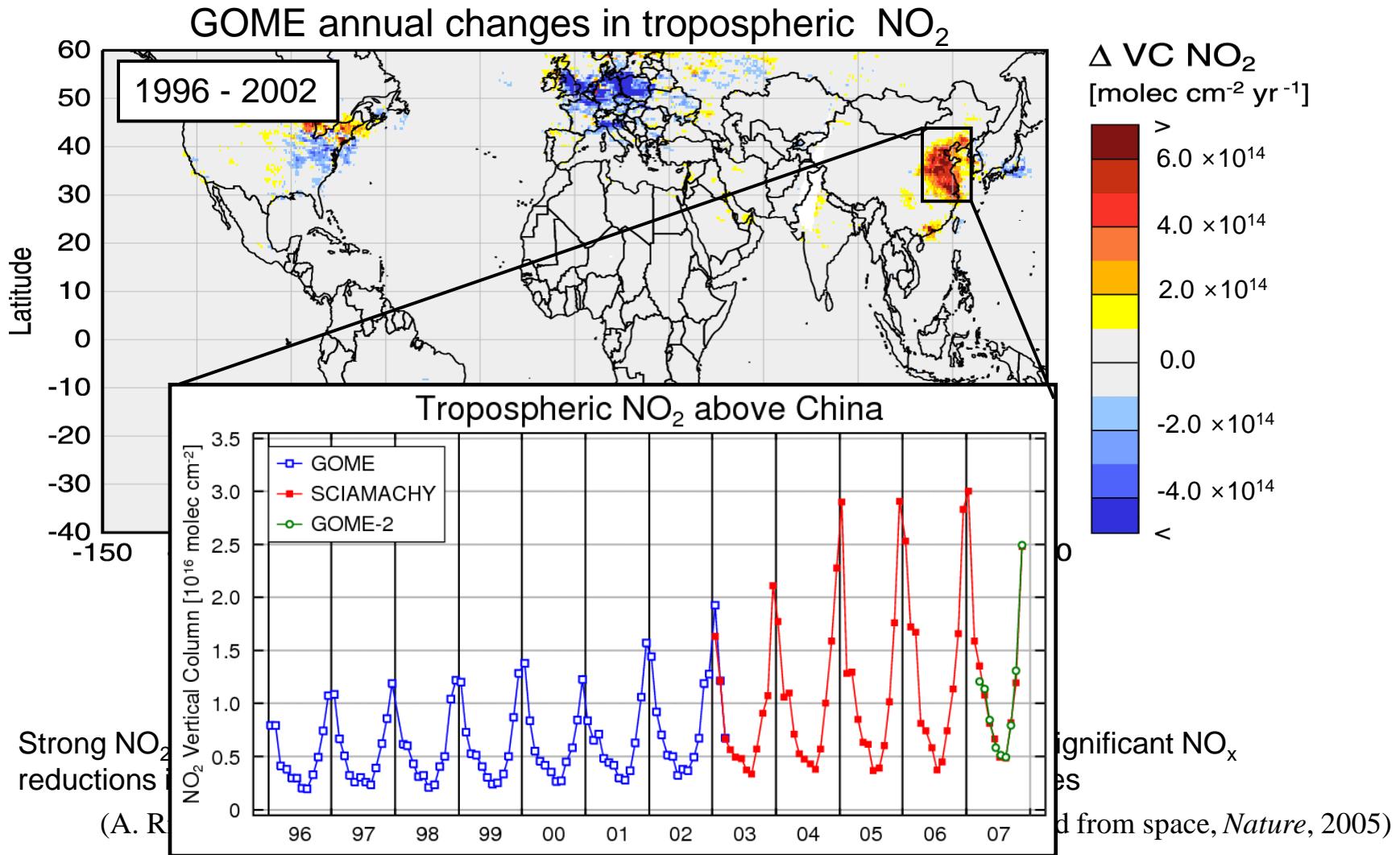
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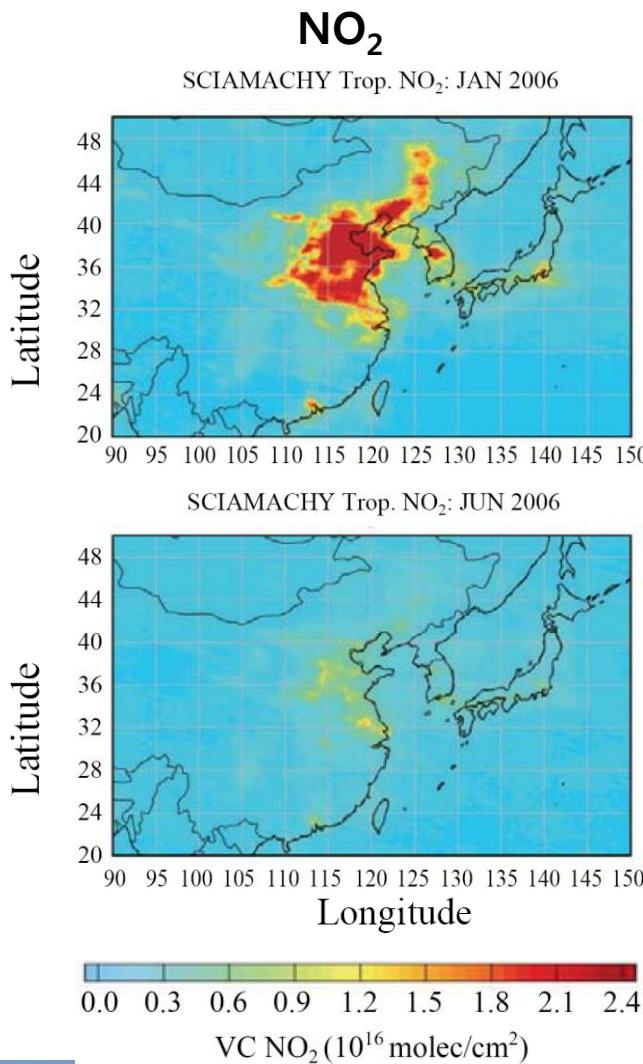
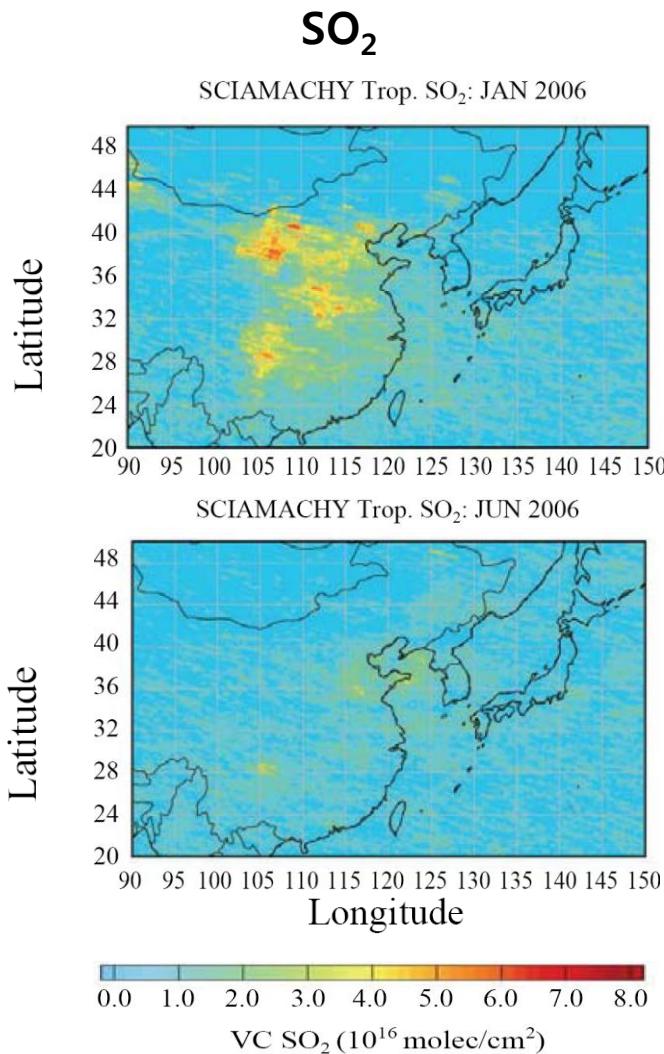
- Develop algorithms for NO₂ and SO₂ retrieval for GEMS
- Determine science requirements for SO₂ retrieval for GEMS (Measured Range, Accuracy, **SNR**, and Spectral Resolution)

Tropospheric NO₂ columns



Example

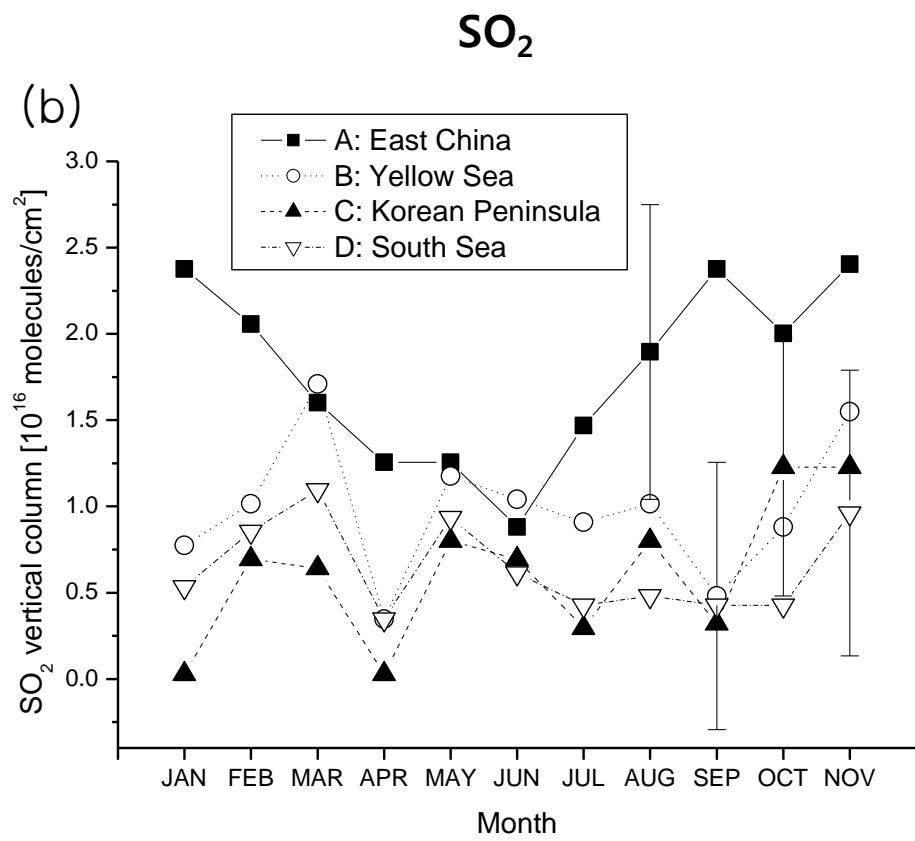
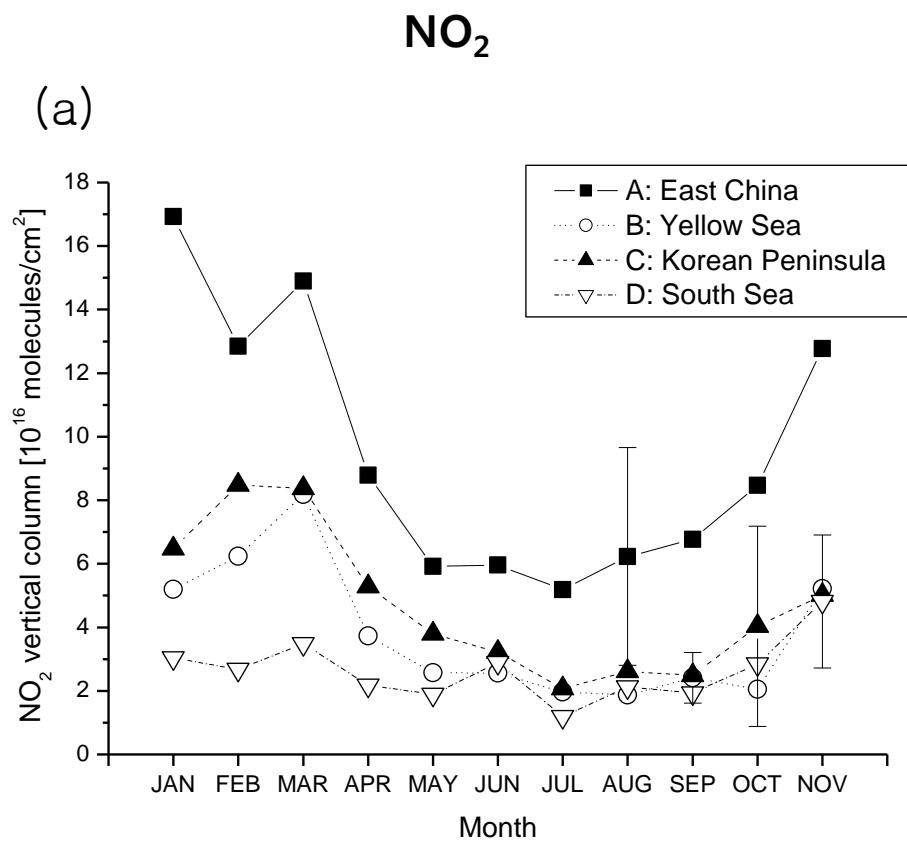
Monthly NO_2 and SO_2 VCD over East Asia in 2006



(Lee et al., KOSAE 2008)

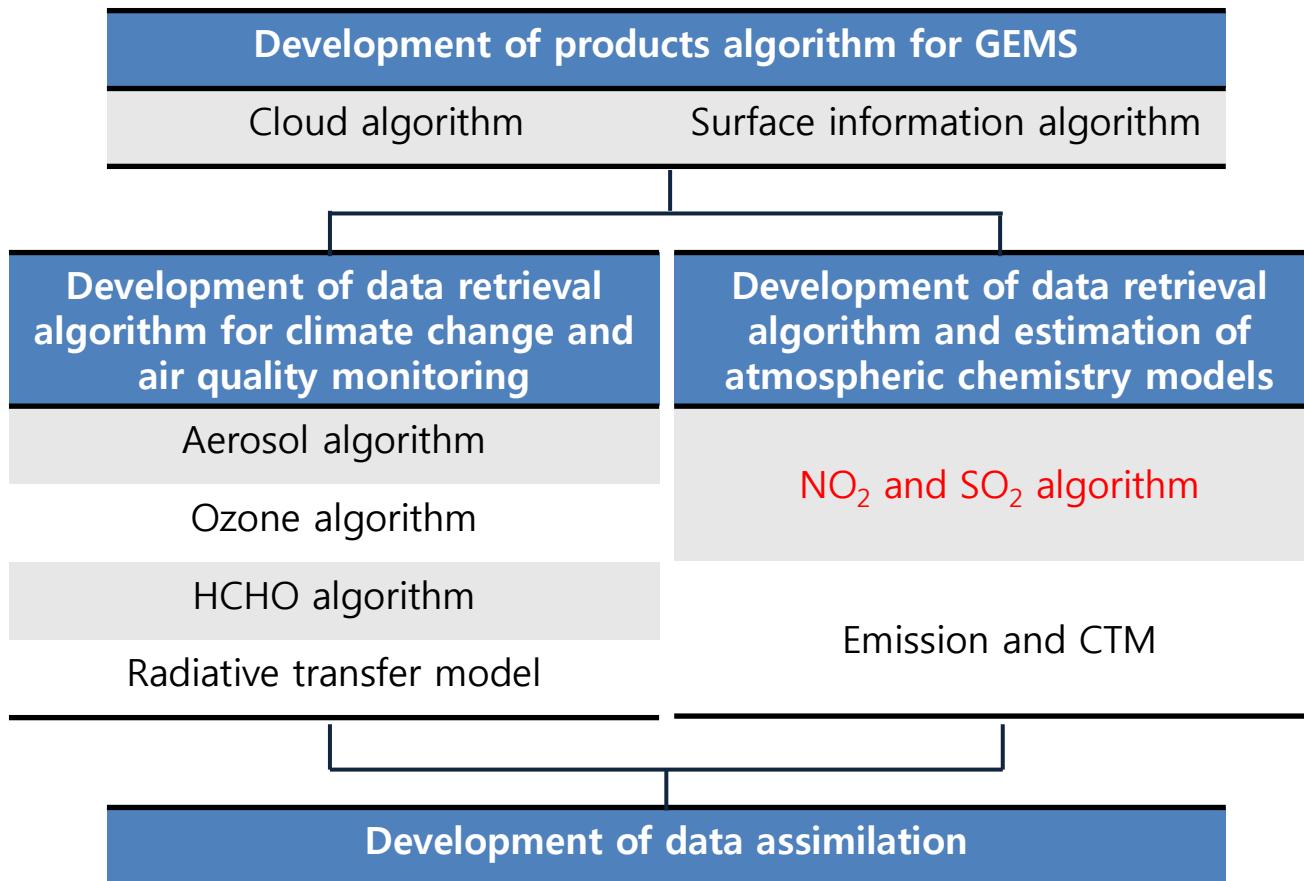
Example

VCD Variation over East Asia (SCHIAMACHY Satellite Data)



(Lee et al., KOSAE 2008)

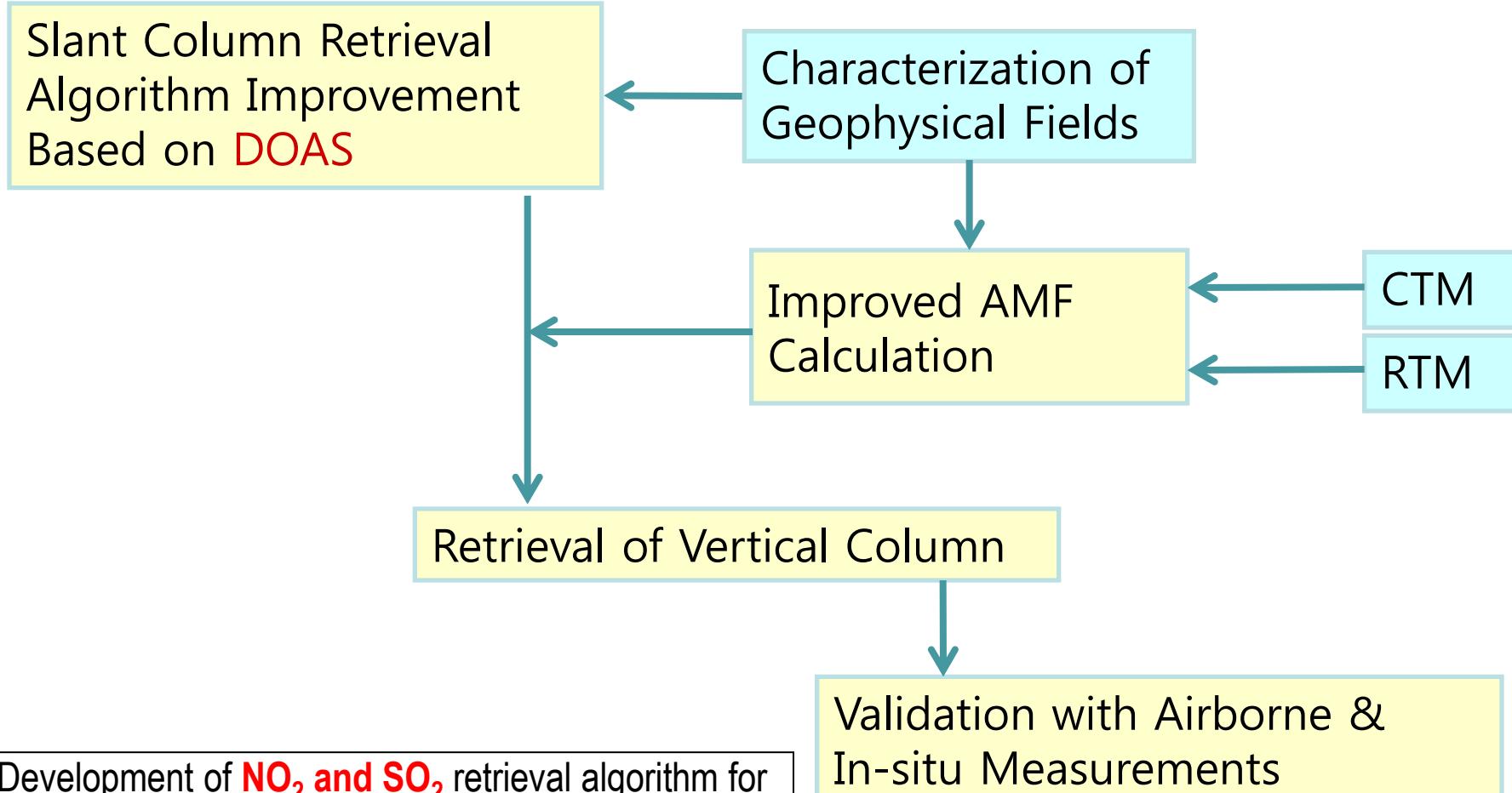
Research groups



Research goals

- **Development of NO_2 and SO_2 retrieval algorithm for GEMS**
 - ▶ Design of proto-type algorithm (NO_2 and SO_2)
 - ▶ Development of proto-type algorithm and evaluation/modification
 - ▶ Development of integration-type algorithm and modification

Design of proto-type algorithm (NO_2 and SO_2)

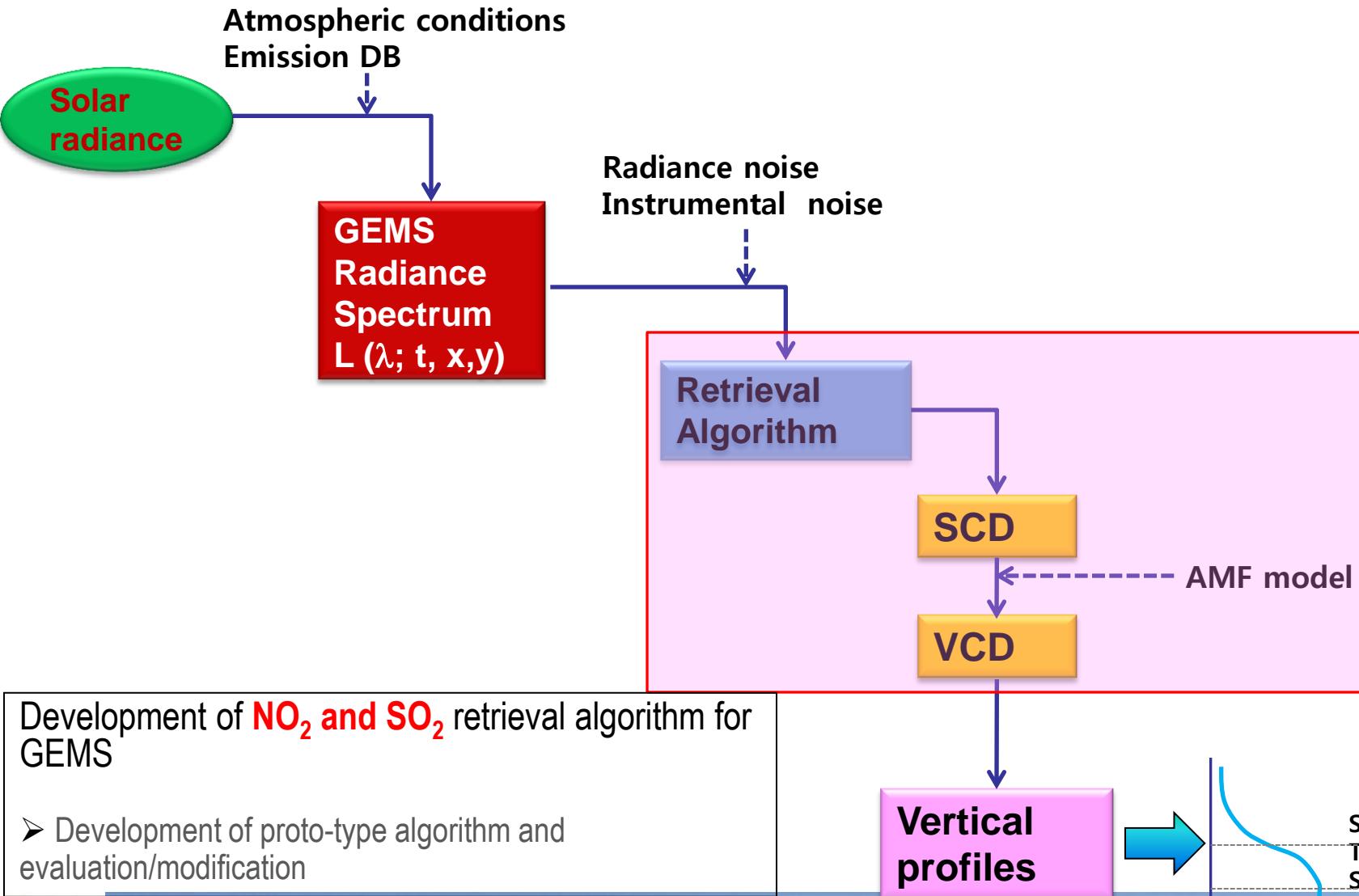


Development of NO_2 and SO_2 retrieval algorithm for GEMS

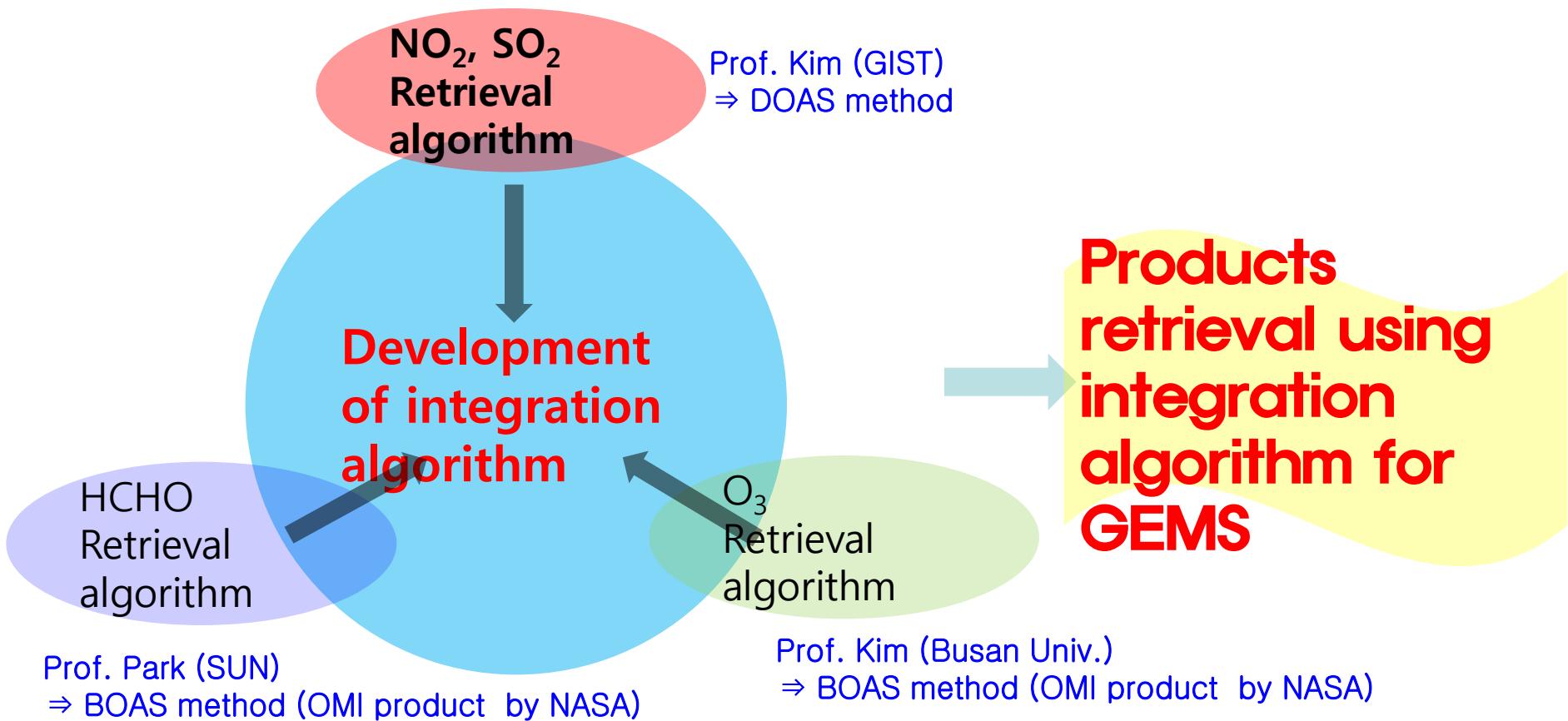
- Design of proto-type algorithm (NO_2 and SO_2)

DOAS: Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy
AMF: Air Mass Factor;
CTM: Chemical Transport Model
RTM: Radiative Transfer Model

Development of proto-type algorithm and evaluation/modification

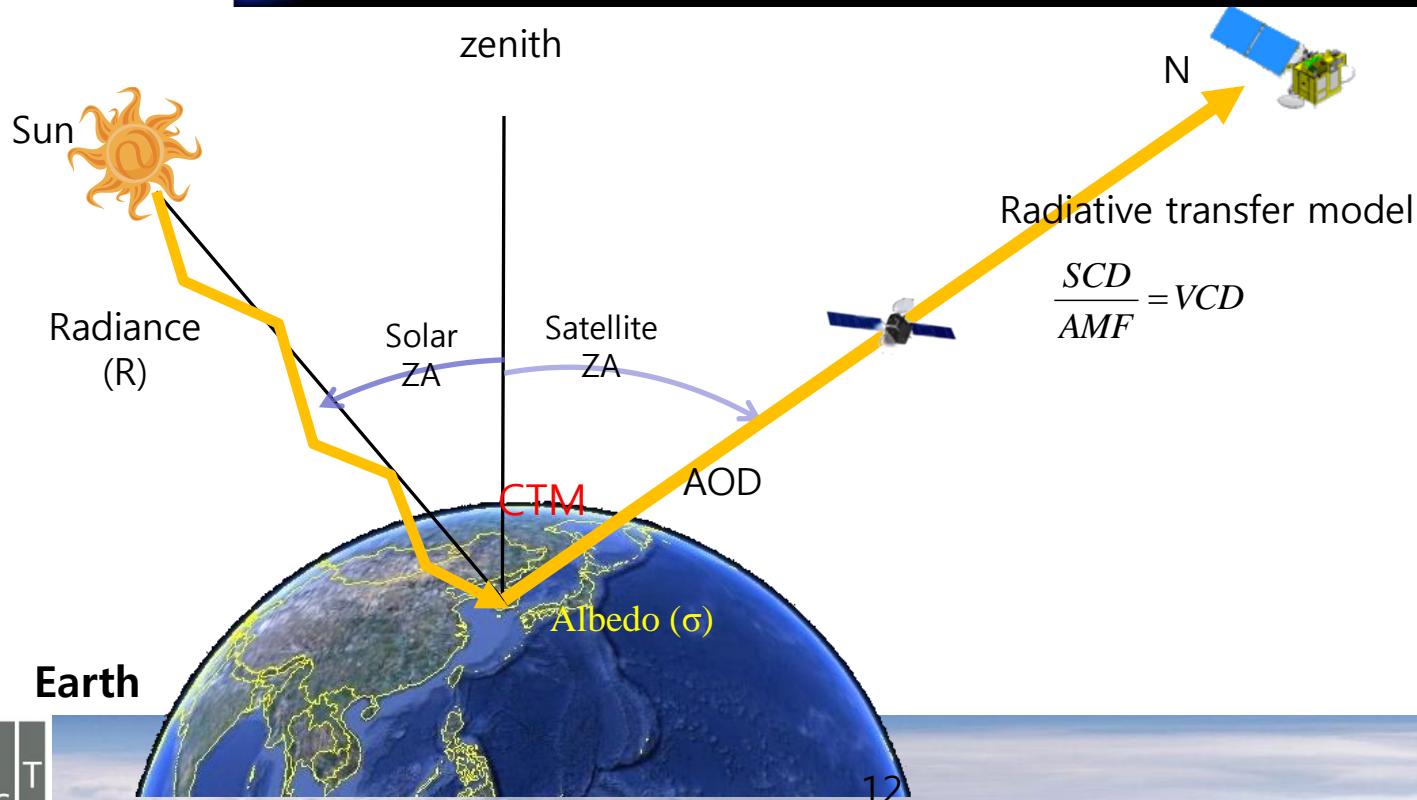
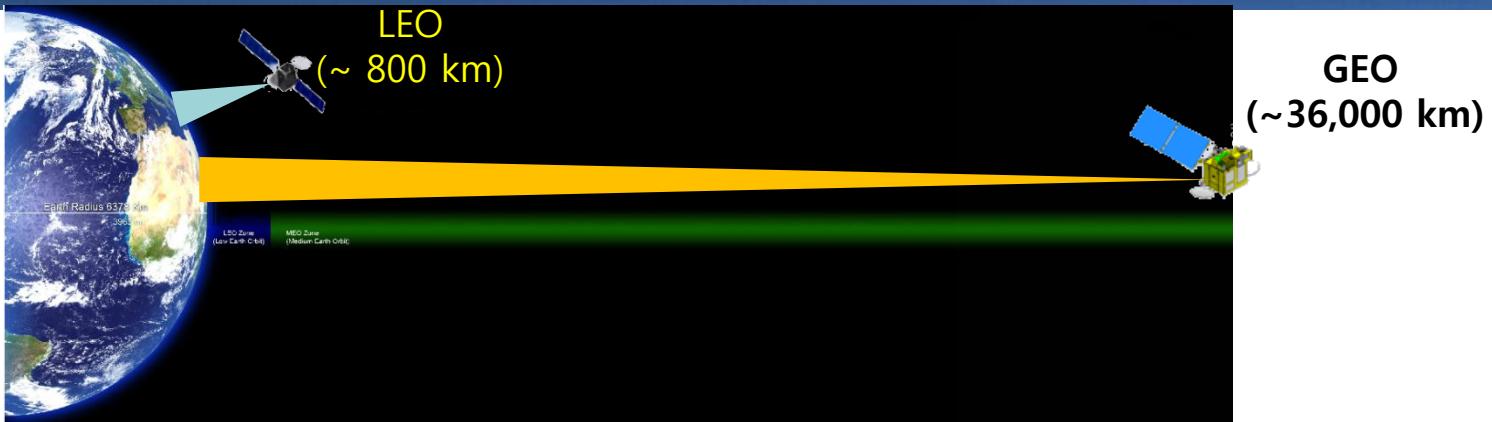


Development of integration-type algorithm and modification

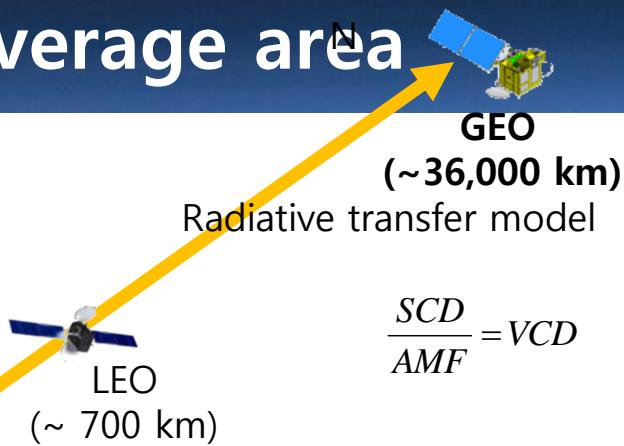
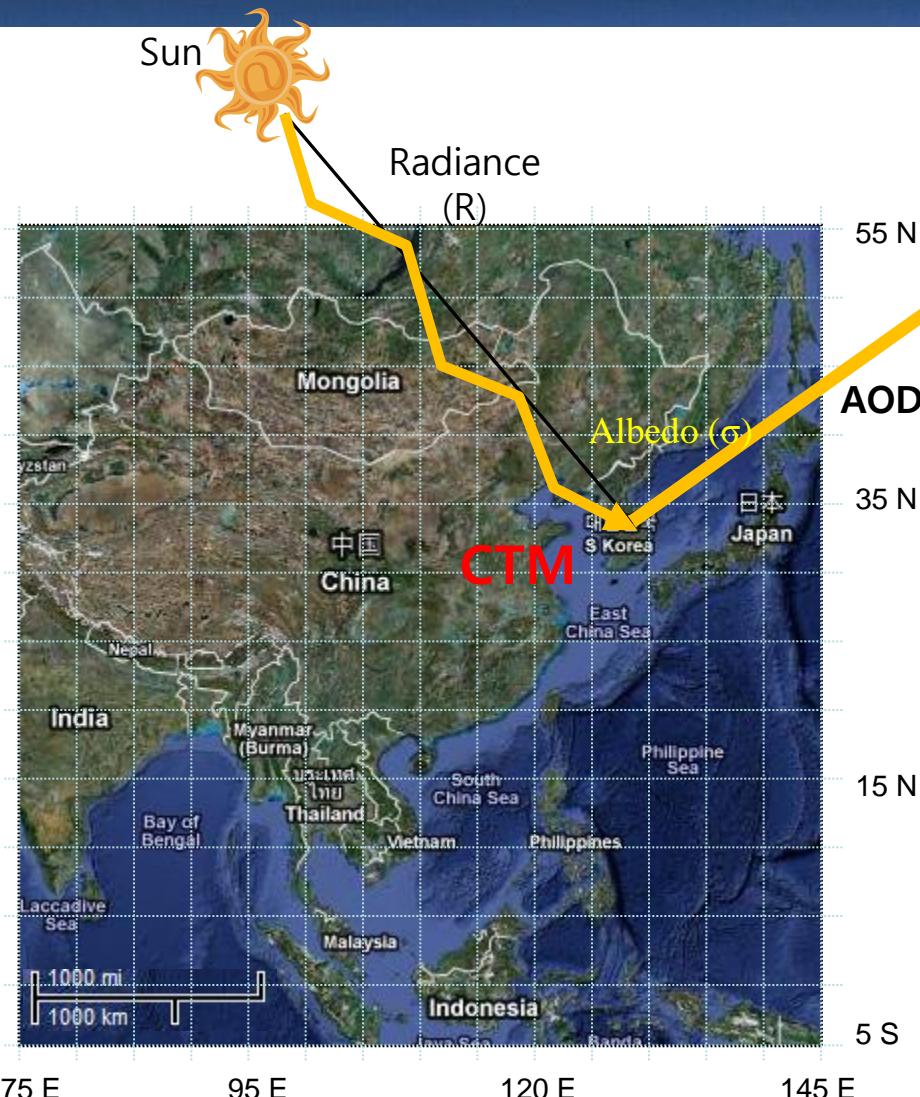


- ❖ DOAS (Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy) Fitting
- ❖ BOAS (Basic Optical Absorption Spectroscopy) Fitting

Overview of simulation method



SNR simulation for GEMS coverage area



$$\text{Signal electron \#} = (R \cdot A \cdot \Omega \cdot \Delta\lambda \cdot \eta \cdot t \cdot \tau) / hc$$

- R: Radiance ($\text{W m}^{-2} \text{ sr}^{-1} \mu\text{m}^{-1}$)
- A: aperture area (m^2)
- Ω : solid angle (sr)
- η : quantum yield
- t: integration time (s)
- τ : optical efficiency
- h: Planck's constant (J s)
- c: speed of light (m s^{-1})
- σ : surface albedo
- N: noise

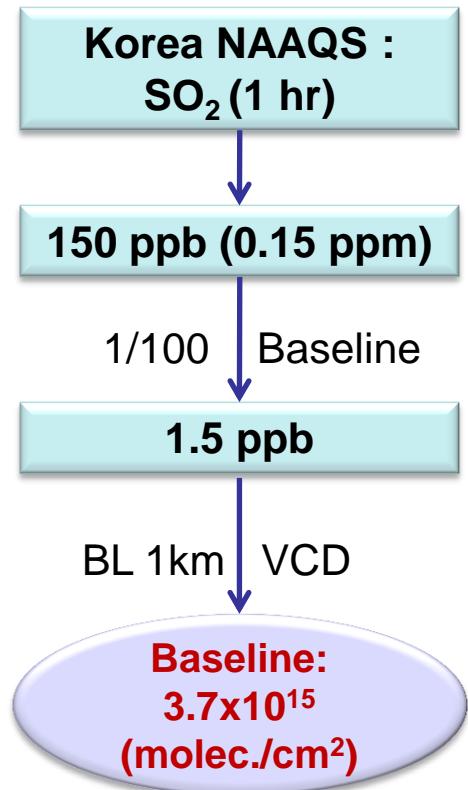
SNR Requirements

Wavelengths (nm)	SNR	Related gas	Uncertainty (cm ⁻²)	SZA (deg)	Remark
315-325	1500*	SO ₂	1.0 x 10 ¹⁶	60	YJK, KC
	720		3.3 x 10 ¹⁶		
327-356	1394*	HCHO	1.0 x 10 ¹⁶	50	KC
	1500*		1.0 x 10 ¹⁶		YJK, KC
	720		2.1 x 10 ¹⁶		
423-451	2049*	NO ₂	1.0 x 10 ¹⁵	70	YJK, KC
	1500		1.5 x 10 ¹⁵		
433-465	1931*	CHOCHO	4.0 x 10 ¹⁴	50	KC

* May consider **spatial** coadding to increase the SNR.

Cf. Kelly Chance (2011), Y.J. Kim

Baseline levels of SO₂ column densities



Atmosphere environmental standard (SO_2)

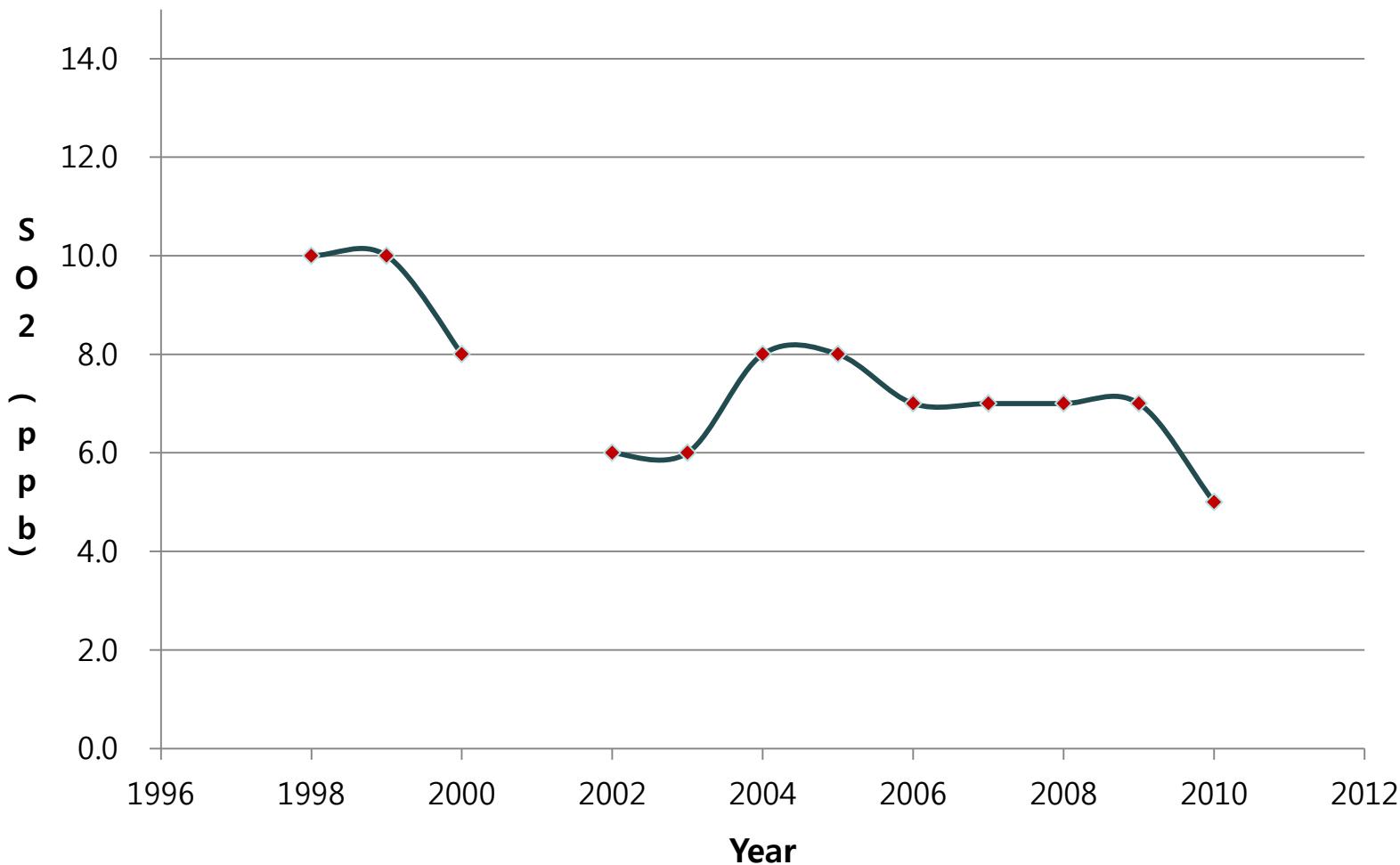
			winter(PBL, 1km)
Product	Standard	ug/m ³	VCD (molec./cm ²)
SO_2	Annual average 0.02ppm below	52.4	4.9E+16
	24 hr average 0.05ppm below	131.0	1.2E+17
	1 hr average 0.15ppm below	392.9	3.7E+17

ppm \Rightarrow ug/m³ \Rightarrow ug/m³VCD(molecules/cm²)

(P M /8.314 T)xppm

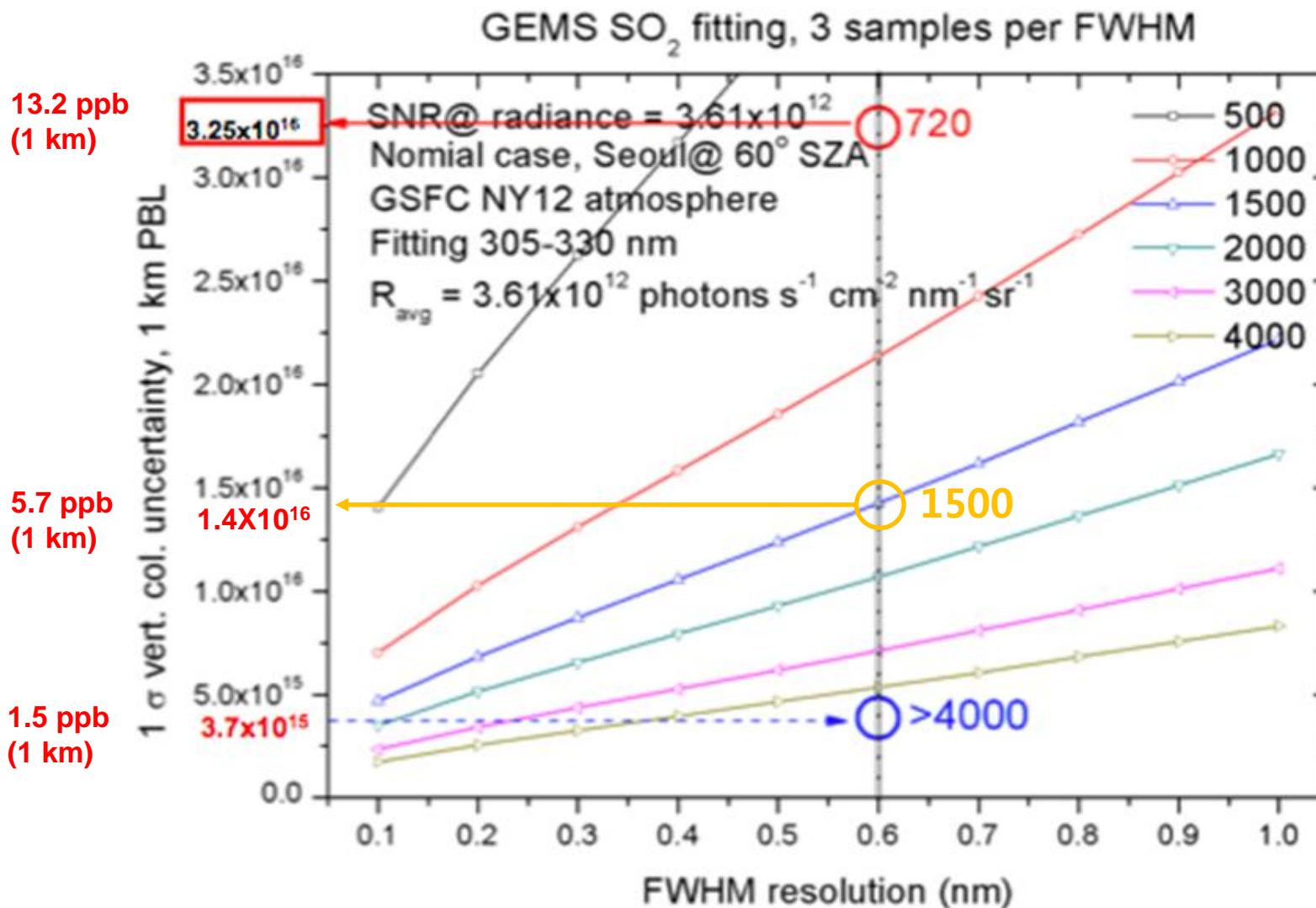
(ug/m³)x PBL(m)x1/M xAvogardo constant

Yearly average SO₂ in Seoul

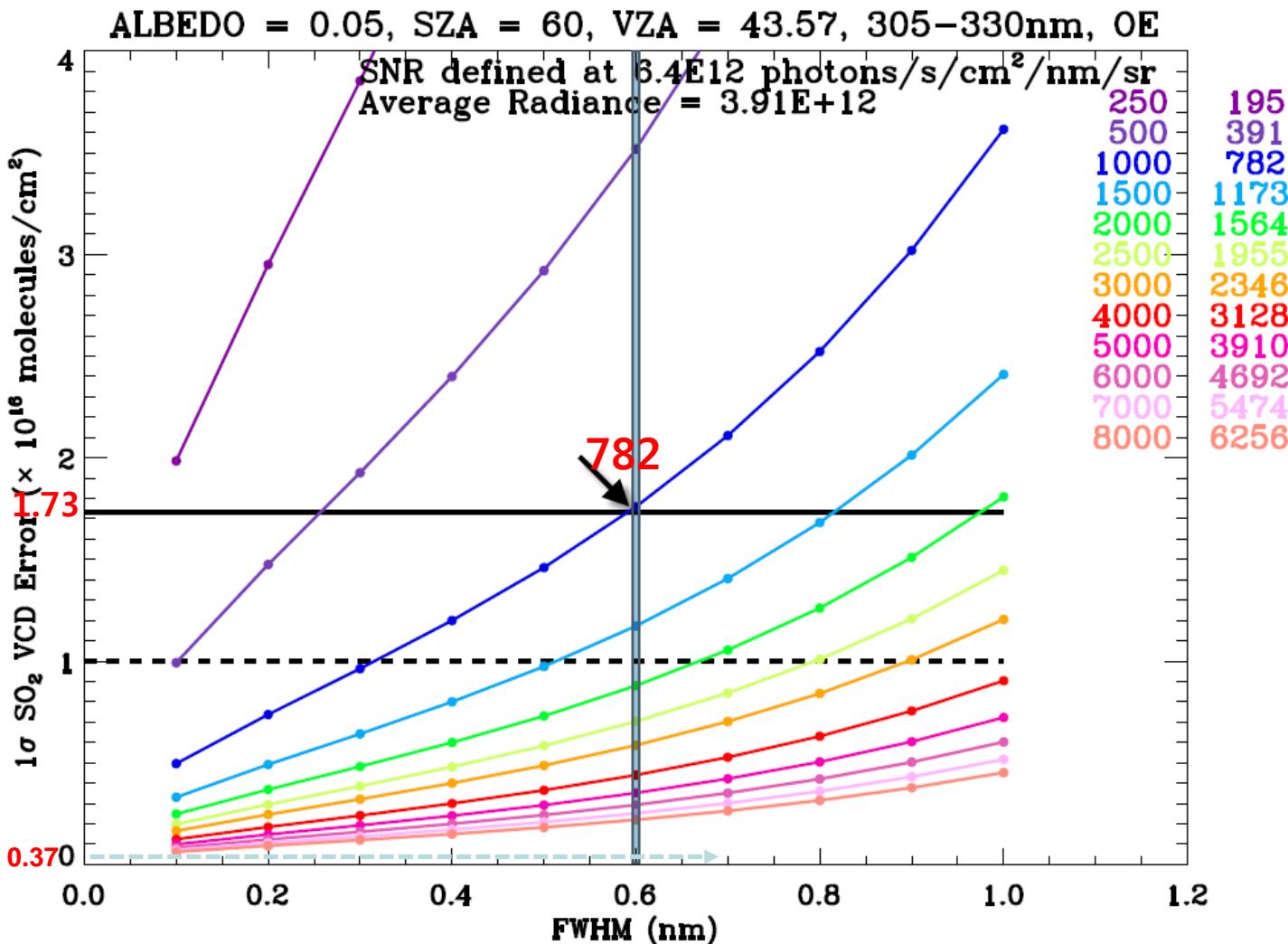


(Annual report of air quality in Korea 2010)

Old simulation



New simulation



/data/scibo/xliu/GEOCAPE/FIGS/NY12SZA60VZA44AMFatm_SO2HCHO_305–330nm_VCD_Error_OE.ps

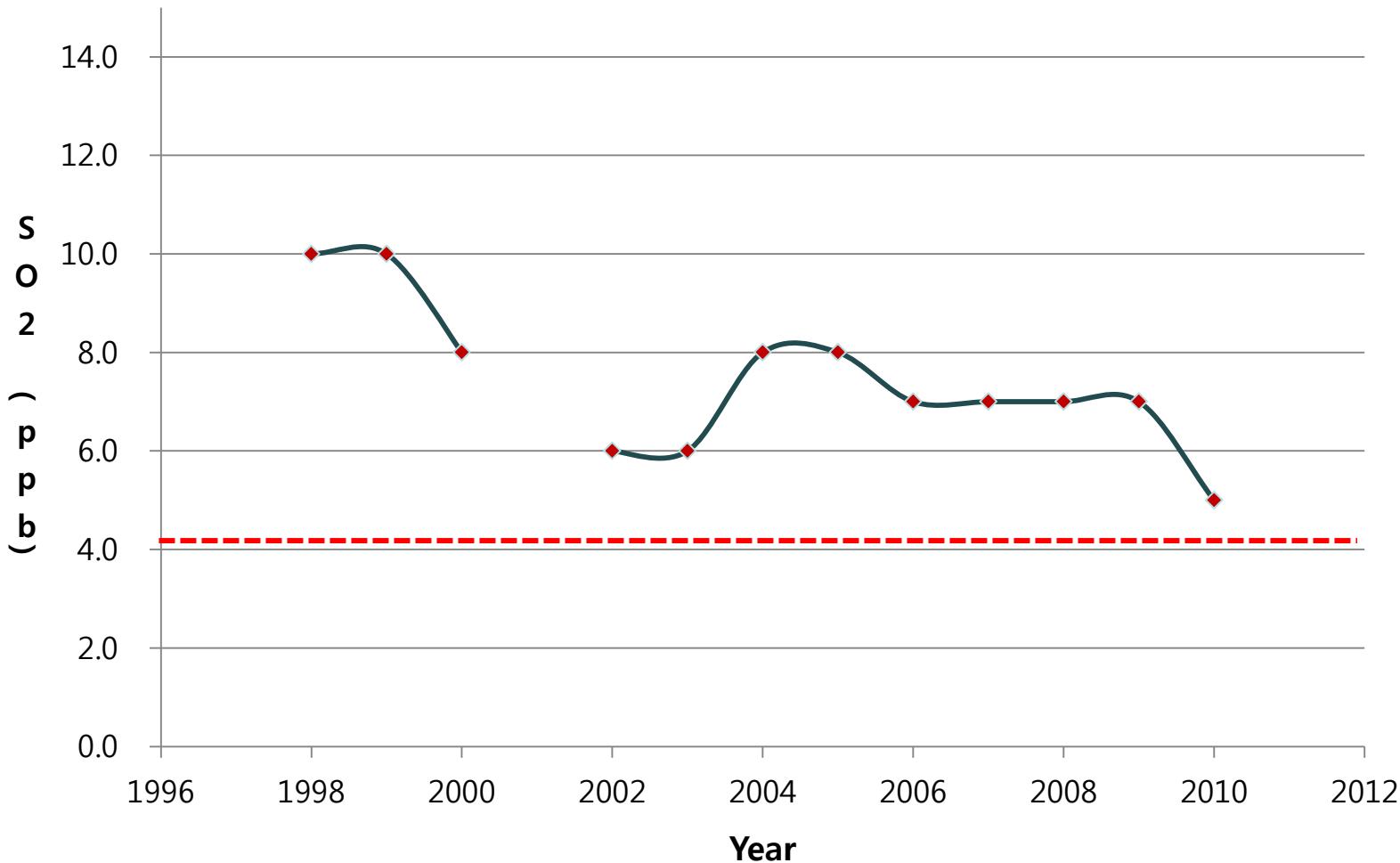
Results

SO ₂ (720@320 nm)		
	Old simulation	New simulation
Spectrum resolution	0.6 nm	0.6 nm
R _{avg}	3.61x10 ¹² photons s ⁻¹ cm ⁻² nm ⁻¹ sr ⁻¹	3.91x10 ¹² photons s ⁻¹ cm ⁻² nm ⁻¹ sr ⁻¹
SZA	60	60
Fitting window	305-330 nm	305-330 nm
1 σ VCD uncertainty	3.25x10 ¹⁶ →720 (13.2 ppb@ 1km)	1.73x10 ¹⁶ →782 (7.0 ppb@ 1km)
Baseline (3.75x10 ¹⁵)	>4000 (1.5 ppb@ 1km)	3910 (1.5 ppb@ 1km)

Results

Old simulation		New simulation		
SNR	Uncertainty	SNR	Uncertainty	ppb (Winter 1 Km PBL)
720	3.25E+16	782	1.73E+16	13.2
1500	1.40E+16	1750	1.00E+16	4.1
>4000	3.70E+15	>3910	3.70E+15	1.5

Yearly average SO₂ in Seoul



(Annual report of air quality in Korea 2010)

Summary and Future works

Summary

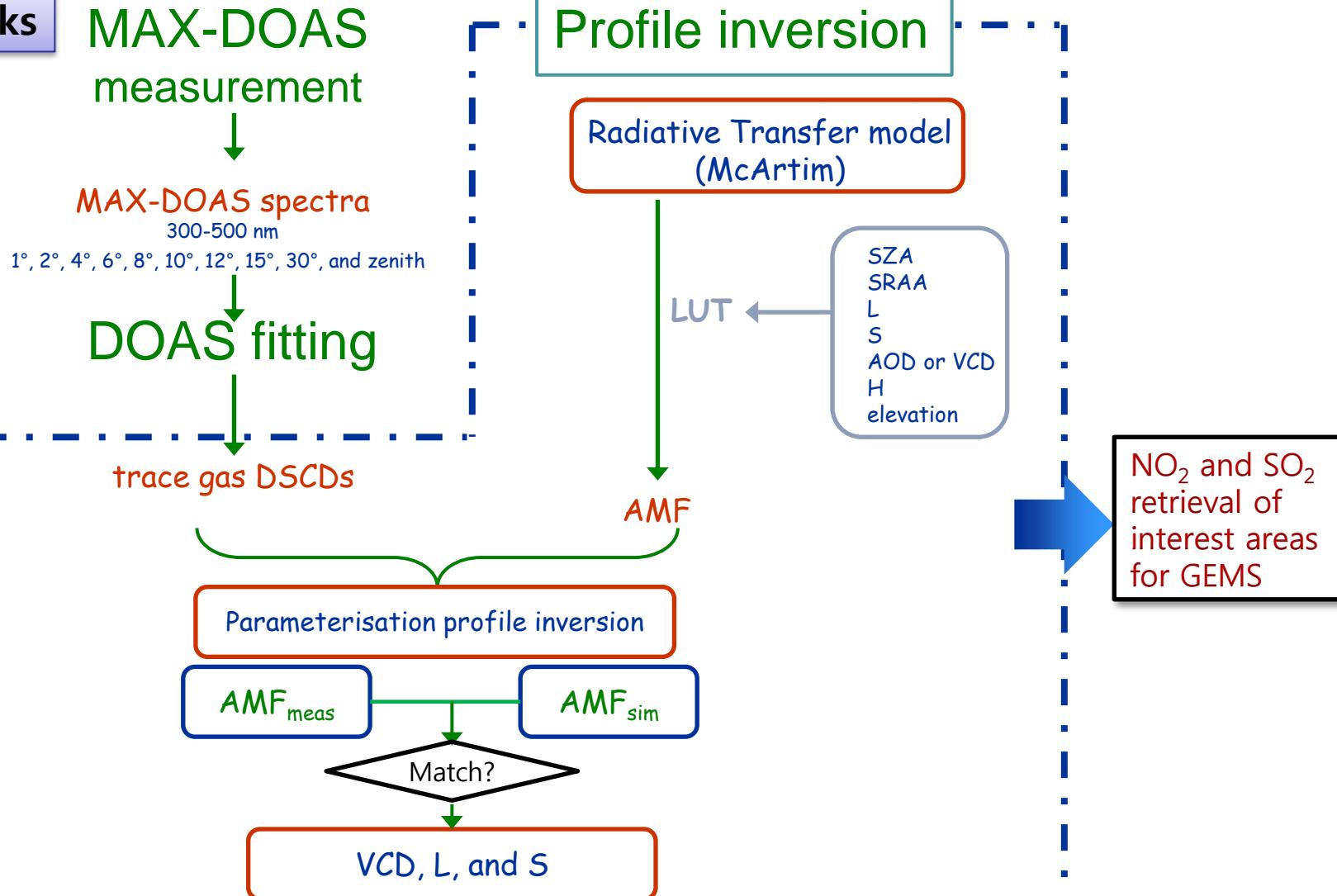
- SNR simulation for GEMS observations has been performed for SO₂ retrieval.
- Resolution ($\Delta\lambda = 0.6$ nm),
 - SO₂ Geo CAPE (1.0×10^{16} molec./cm²) $\Rightarrow \gg$ SNR 1750 (~4.1 ppb at surface level)



NO₂ (2.5×10^{15} molec./cm²) $\Rightarrow >$ SNR ~900 (423-451 nm)
SO₂ (1.0×10^{16} molec./cm²) $\Rightarrow >$ SNR ~1750 (315-325 nm)

Summary and Future works

Future works



Thanks for your attention!

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